Jazz Chords

by Mark Fowler

Based mostly on:

- 2 straight-forward articles by David Hamburger in Acoustic
 Guitar Magazine (August & September 2003)
 - http://acousticguitar.com/lessons/Chord_Names/1.html
 - http://acousticguitar.com/lessons/Chord_Names2/1.html
- What Makes Music Work, a book by P. Seyer, A. Novick, & P. Harmon
 - http://www.lovemusiclovedance.com/what_makes_music_work.htm
 - An amazingly simple but effective little book!!
- Chords & Progressions for Jazz and Popular Guitar, a book by Arnie Berle

I'll post these charts (for awhile at least) at

www.ws.binghamton.edu/fowler/.... (Click on "Other" then look for a link that "makes sense")

If you have troubles getting it contact me at mfowler@binghamton.edu

What We'll Cover

- What makes up the "simple" chords?
- The Jazz Chord "Tree" of "Extended" Chords
- "Altered" Chords
- Places to use Jazz Chords...
 - In General
 - In Blues
- Application to 12-Bar Blues

Stormy Monday...A "Fancy" Arrangement

- Is this really just a 12-bar blues? Doesn't look like it?
- Where did all those "weird" chords come from?
- What if I want fancy versions of other blues?

What is a Chord?

• Three or more notes played together

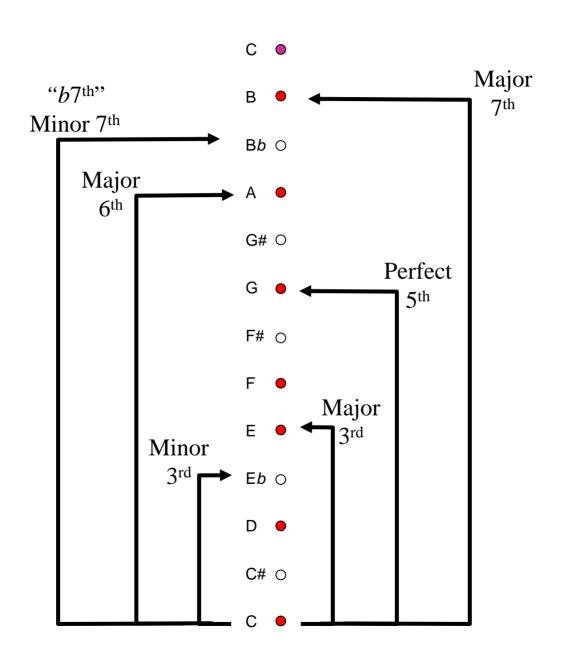
What Makes a Certain Chord?

• It depends on the "Intervals" between the notes

What Is an Interval?

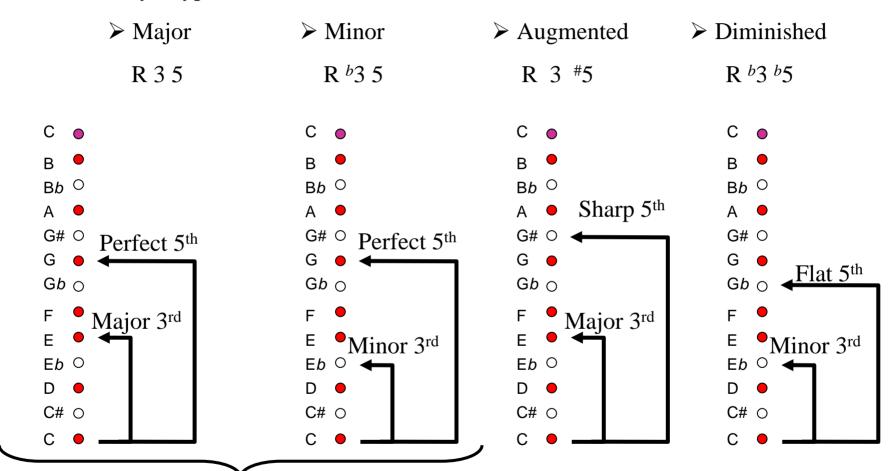
- A measure of the distance between two notes
- Interval names are based on positions in scales

<u>Intervals – Building Blocks of Chords</u>



<u>Triads – Simplest Chords</u>

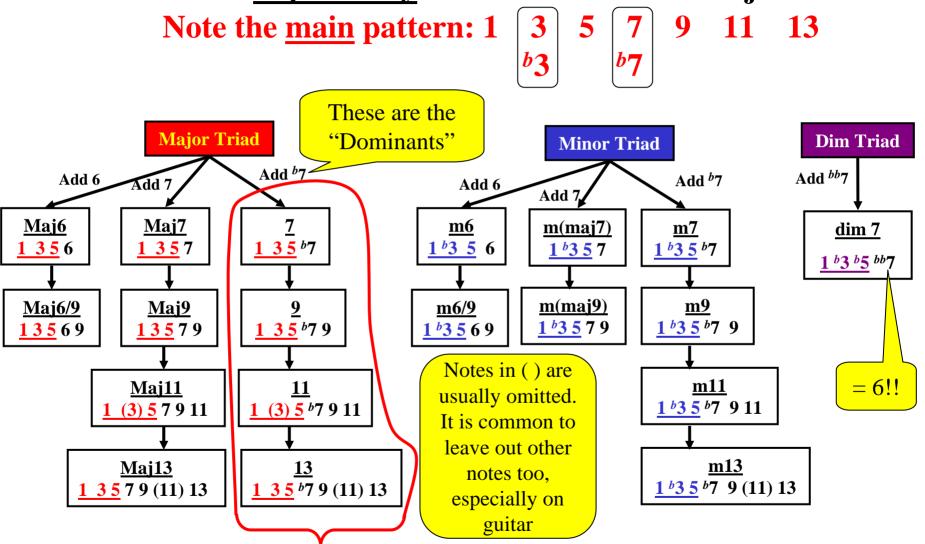
There are only 4 types of triads:



These constitute about 99% of the chords
you see <u>traditionally</u> in a fiddle tune ... and they are the basis of most of the
jazz chords you'll encounter

Nearly-Complete Jazz Chord "Family Tree"

For Jazz Chords: sequentially add other notes to a maj/min triad

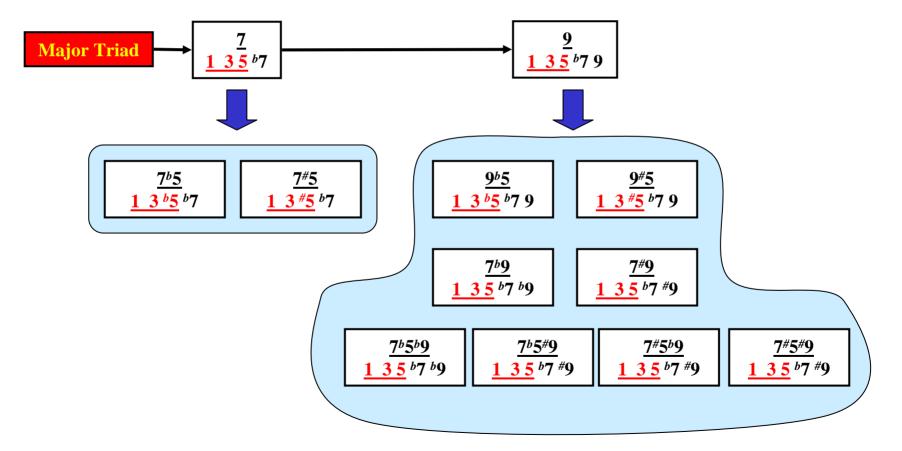


Key Chords for Blues

Common "Altered" Chords

Altered Chords:

- Start with... a dominant chord (we'll limit to the "7" or "9")
- Raise or Lower the 5 or 9 or some combination



(Similar things can be done with m7 chords and extensions)

Typical Places to Use Jazz Chords

Number System for Chords (Example - Key of G)

I ii iii IV V vi ... G Am Bm C D Em

Replacements Using Jazz Chords	
Ι	Maj7, Maj6
IV	Maj7, Maj6, sometimes Dom7 (definitely if blues based)
V	Dom7
ii, iii, vi	min7

In Blues: The above replacements aren't followed... instead:

Step #1: "make all major chords dominants"

To Make More Jazzy...

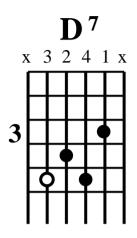
• Step #2: Use Extensions

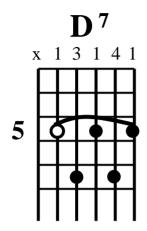
• Step #3: Sub in "turn arounds" and other "idioms"

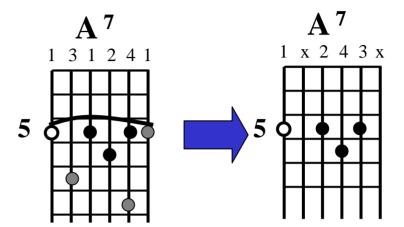
• **Step #4**: Use Altered Chords

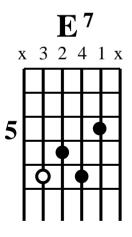
12-Bar Blues... Standard Progression

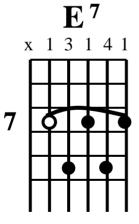
Some Jazz Dom7 Chord Forms



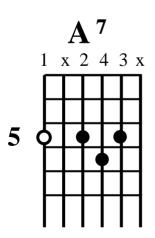


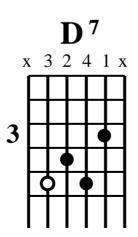


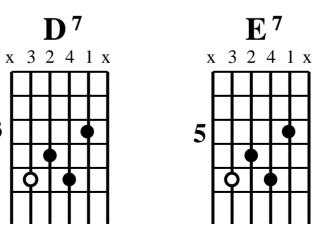




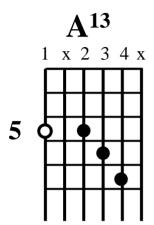
Step #1: 12-Bar Blues... Use All Dominants

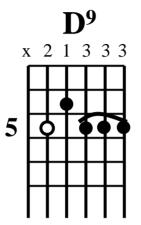


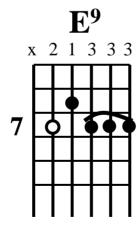




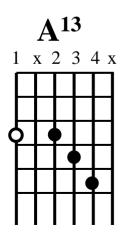
Some Jazz Extended Chord Forms

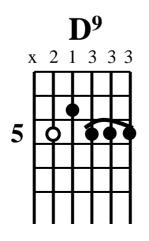


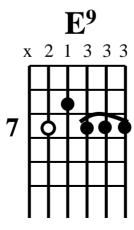




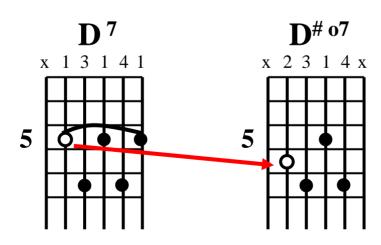
Step #2: 12-Bar Blues... Use Extended Dominants



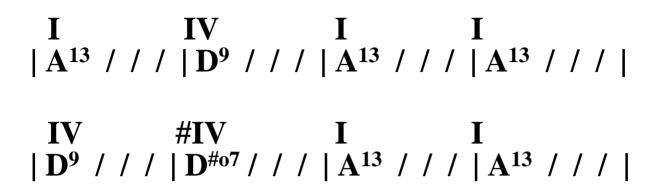




Step #3a: 12-Bar Blues... Sub in dim #IV

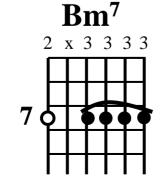


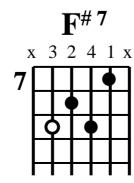
Step #3b: 12-Bar Blues... Sub in "Turn Around"



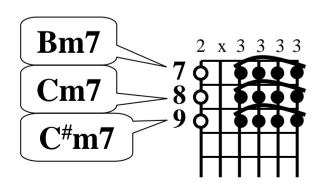
vi is usually minor but in blues is usually changed to dominant

ii-V is a very common progression in Jazz

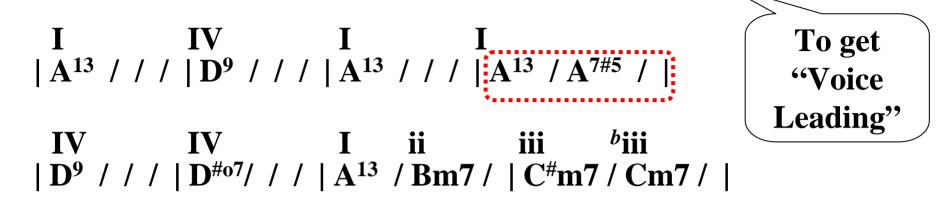


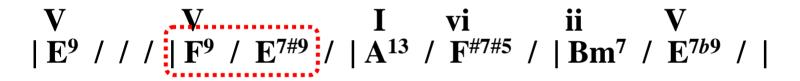


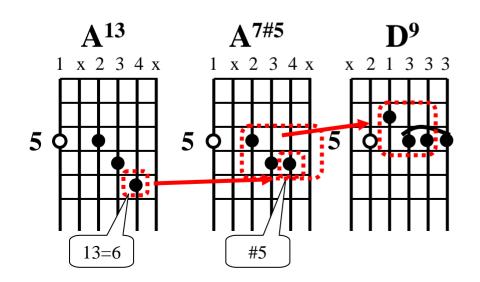
Step #3c: 12-Bar Blues... Sub in "Minor Walk-Up"

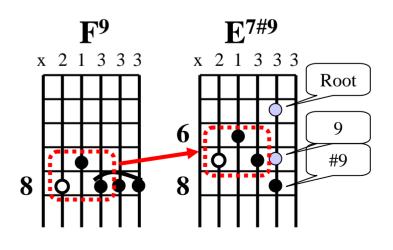


Step #4: 12-Bar Blues... Use Altered Chords

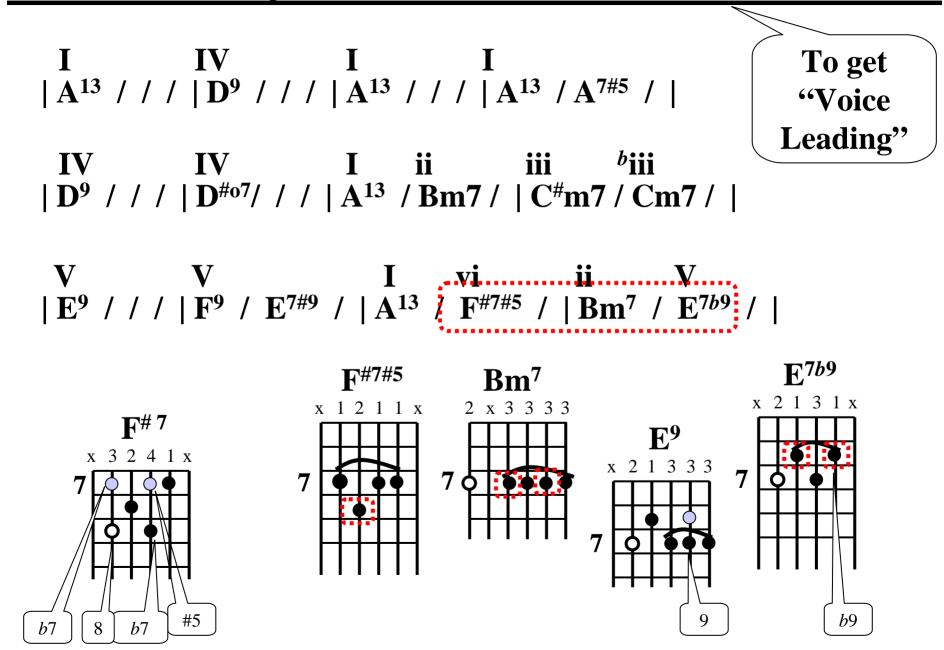








Continued Step #4: 12-Bar Blues... Altered Chords



Summary of What We Did to This Blues

In Blues: The above replacements aren't followed... instead: Step #1: "make all major chords dominants" — 7ths To Make More Jazzy... 9^{ths}, 13^{ths} • Step #2: Use Extensions • Step #3: Sub in "turn arounds" and other "idioms" • Step #4: Use Altered Chords • Dom-7 "Passing" • I-VI-ii-V turn-around #5, *b*9 to get Minor Walk-Up "Voice Leading